

What if my child is sick?

If a child has only the minor symptoms of a cold, such as a runny nose and dry cough, there is no reason to delay immunizations. Even when a child has a minor infection and is taking antibiotics, he/she can still receive immunizations on schedule.

Remember it is very important to stick to the immunization schedule in order to keep your child healthy.

IN CASE OF FEVER

- Sponge off with body temperature water; do not cause a chill.
- Cover with thin sheet or blanket only, unless chilled.
- Let child rest as much as possible.
- DO NOT give aspirin.
- Give acetaminophen (Tylenol, Tempra, Panadol, etc); use as directed on the package for children over age 2. Use recommended dose of acetaminophen for children under 2.

AGE	DROPS	SYRUP
0-3 months (6-11 lbs)	0.4 (1/2 dropper)	1/4 tsp.
4-11 months (12-17 lbs.)	0.8 (1 dropper)	1/2 tsp.
12-23 months (18-23 lbs)	1 -1/2 dropper	3/4 tsp.

Doses may be repeated every 4 hours but should not exceed 5 doses in 24 hours.

Immunization Clinic Location & Times

Shawnee County Health Agency Main Clinic

1615 S.W. 8th Avenue
(785) 368-2180

Monday, Thursday & Friday
8-11 a.m. 1-4 p.m.

Tuesday
10 a.m. - 1 p.m. 3 - 6 p.m.

Wednesday
8 - 11 a.m 2 - 4 p.m.

Travel Immunizations are available on a walk-in basis at the Main Clinic during regular immunization hours on Wednesday and Thursdays. Payment is due at the time of service.

Tuberculosis (TB) Skin Testing is provided during regular immunization hours except Thursday.

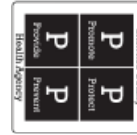
Immunization charges may vary due to our cost from suppliers. There are some State supplied vaccines for eligible children.

Payment Information

Immunization charges may be covered by:

- Medicaid
- HealthWave 19
- VFC (Vaccine For Children) program for the uninsured/underinsured. Eligibility determined at your visit.
- Insurance - only Blue Cross Blue Shield, Medicare or Century Health Solutions.
- Cash Payment - required for insured clients other than the above listed. You may file with your company for personal reimbursement.
- Credit Card - Visa or Mastercard

Please check with your primary care doctor to determine if that office has immunization services available.



Notice of Non-Discrimination -Shawnee County Health Agency does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age or handicap.

Shawnee County Health Agency
1615 S.W. 8th Ave.
Topeka, KS 66606-1688

Immunizations For Children and Adults

Shawnee County Health Agency



Leading the way to a healthier
Shawnee County

Why immunize my child?

Polio, Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Measles, Mumps, Rubella, Haemophilus Influenza type b and Hepatitis B - these diseases are still around and are potentially dangerous for your child and the whole community. Because of widespread immunizations, few people have these diseases now. However, outbreaks do occur when we are careless by not having children immunized. Remember, the vaccines against these childhood diseases are safe and very effective.

What side effects can I expect?

Diphtheria - Tetanus - Pertussis (DTaP)

Common side effects can include fever, irritability for up to 2 days and soreness and swelling at the injection site.

Call your doctor for these less common reactions:

- Constant, inconsolable, high pitched crying
- Excessive sleepiness or difficulty waking the child
- Limpness or paleness
- Temperatures of 105 degrees F or higher
- Convulsions

Haemophilus b Conjugate (HIB) Hepatitis A & B

Side effects are rare but can include redness and/or swelling at the injection site and fever within 24 hours after shot is given.

Polio (IPV is an inactivated virus given by injection)

Side effects are similar to those for HIB and Hepatitis B vaccines.

Measles, Mumps, Rubella (MMR)

About 1 out of 5 children can develop a rash or slight fever lasting a few days, one to two weeks after vaccine is given. Occasionally there may be mild swelling of the salivary glands.

Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine (PVC)

Up to 2 out of 10 children can have redness, tenderness or swelling at injection site. About 1 out of 10 children experience a mild fever.

Influenza Vaccine

Soreness at injection site lasting less than two days. Local pain and swelling is usually mild if it occurs. Sometimes a slight fever may be present. Influenza vaccine does not cause the flu.

Meningococcal (MCV4)

May have redness or pain at injection site for one to two days. Some people may experience a slight fever.

**SCHA is a member of the
Kansas Immunization Registry.**

Recommended Childhood Immunization Schedule United States, 2010

- Remember to start immunizations promptly at birth.
- Follow through with all immunizations, according to the schedule below
- If your child misses an immunization, make it up as soon as possible.
- Keep record of all immunizations. You will need it when your child enters child care or school.

Recommended Immunization Schedule	Birth	2 mo.	4 mo.	6 mo.	12-15 mo.	18 mo.	4-6 yrs	11-12 yrs	14-16 yrs
Hepatitis B (HBV) ^{1,2}	✓	✓		✓					
Diphtheria-Tetanus-Pertussis (DTaP)		✓	✓	✓	✓	or ✓	✓		
Haemophilus b Conjugate Vaccine (Hib) ²		✓	✓	✓	✓				
Rotavirus (RV)		✓	✓	✓					
Polio ²		✓	✓	✓			✓		
Measles-Mumps-Rubella (MMR)					✓		✓		
Tetanus-Diphtheria-Pertussis (Tdap)								✓	
Varicella Zoster (chickenpox) ^{1,4}					✓		or ✓	or ✓	
Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine (PVC)		✓	✓	✓	✓				
Hepatitis A					✓	✓			
Influenza ⁵				✓					
HPV Gardasil								✓	
Meningococcal (MCV4) ⁶								✓	or ✓

1. Hepatitis B and Varicella Zoster are required for school attendance and recommended for most child care.
2. Alternative schedules are acceptable for Hepatitis B vaccines, Polio vaccines and Haemophilus b Conjugate vaccines. Check with your physician.
3. Tetanus-Diphtheris-Pertussis boosters are needed every 10 years throughout life.
4. Chickenpox vaccine is available at the Shawnee County Health Agency for anyone over age 1.
5. Influenza vaccine is initially given in two doses one month apart. Following the initial influenza vaccination at 2 months, the vaccine should be received annually.
6. All adolescents entering high school and college freshmen living in dormitories should receive Meningococcal vaccine if he/she has not been vaccinated at age 11-12.

Approved by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (www.cdc.gov/nip/acip), the American Academy of Pediatrics (www.aap.org), and the American Academy of Family Physicians (www.aafp.org).

- Remember -

Always bring your immunization record with you to the clinic.

If you are bringing a minor in for a vaccination, you must be his or her parent or legal guardian **OR** have written consent from a parent or legal guardian with you at the time of vaccination.